SOD1 Ab

Images(2)

Cat.#: BF0447	Concn.: ~1mg/ml	Mol.Wt.: 18kDa
Size:	Source: Mouse	Clonality: Monoclonal

Application:	ELISA 1:10000, WB 1:500-1:2000, IF/ICC 1:200-1:1000, FCM 1:200-1:400 *The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user.
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse
Storage:	Mouse IgG1 in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Purification:	Affinity-chromatography.
Immunogen:	Purified recombinant fragment of human SOD1 expressed in E. Coli.
Uniprot:	P00441
Description:	SOD1 (superoxide dismutase 1, soluble), also known as ALS. The protein binds copper and zinc ions and is one of two isozymes responsible for destroying free superoxide radicals in the body. The encoded isozyme is a soluble cytoplasmic protein, acting as a homodimer to convert naturally-occuring but harmful superoxide radicals to molecular oxygen and hydrogen peroxide. The other isozyme is a mitochondrial protein. Mutations in this gene have been implicated as causes of familial amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), a progressive degenerative disease of motor neurons. Rare transcript variants have been reported for this gene.

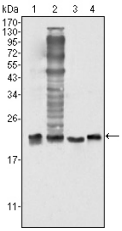

Figure 1: Western blot analysis using SOD1 mouse mAb against Hela (1), NIH/3T3 (2), A549 (3) and A431 (4) cell lysate.

IMPORTANT: For western blot, incubate membrane with diluted primary Ab in 5% w/v milk , 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween®20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.