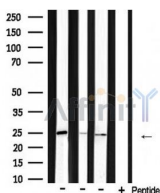


Bak Ab

[Images\(1\)](#)

Cat.#: DF6011	Concn.: ~1mg/ml	Mol.Wt.: 23kDa
Size:	Source: Rabbit	Clonality: Polyclonal
Application:	WB 1:500-1:2000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500 *The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user.	
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat	
Storage:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.	
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink™ Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).	
Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human Bak, corresponding to a region within N-terminal amino acids.	
Uniprot:	Q16611	
Description:	Bak is a proapoptotic member of the Bcl-2 family . This protein is located on the outer membrane of mitochondria and is an essential component for transduction of apoptotic signals through the mitochondrial pathway (2,3). Upon apoptotic stimulation, an upstream stimulator like truncated BID (tBID) induces conformational changes in Bak to form oligomer channels in the mitochondrial membrane for cytochrome c release. The release of cytochrome c to the cytosol activates the caspase-9 pathway and eventually leads to cell death (4,5).	



Western blot analysis of extracts from various samples, using BAK1 Ab.
Lane 1: Rat brain lysates;
Lane 2: Mouse brain lysates;
Lane 3: Mouse liver lysates;
Lane 4: Mouse liver lysates treated with blocking peptide;

IMPORTANT: For western blot, incubate membrane with diluted primary Ab in 5% w/v milk , 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween@20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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